

CARDIO FENNIS

SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Lesson Plans: Activity Cards





LESSON

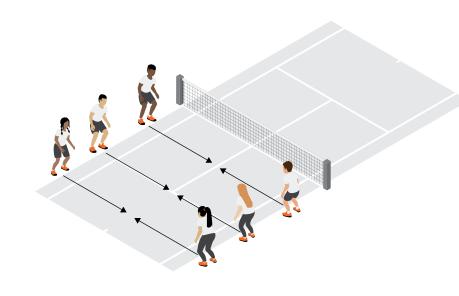
BASELINE WARRIOR Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



WARM UP

Groundstroke shadows and footwork:

- Students line up along the tramlines facing in to the court.
- Students jog to centre line and back.
- Students side step to centre line and back to tram line.
- Students skip forwards and back.
- Repeat the above several times.



Dynamic stretches:

- Students walk to the centre line and back performing hip flexor internal and external rotations (open and close the gate).
- Students walk to centre line and back performing heel kicks.
- Students move to the centre line and back performing lunges.

Students shadow groundstrokes:

- Start in the ready position.
- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Racket path low to high.
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Forehand: Contact on the dominant side of the body.
- Backhand: Two hands on the racket grip, with the dominant hand at the bottom. Contact on non-dominant side of the body.

TEACHING POINTS:

Side step:

- Wide base
- Stay low
- Keep a gap between the shoes
- Skipping:
- Power up with the arms
- Long air time

Hip flexor rotations:

- Keep the knee at hip height
- Walking heel kicks:
- Knee pointing down
- Walking lunges:
- Knees at 90°
- Back straight
- Rotate over front leg

SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Plank with alternating hand taps	 Place hands directly under shoulders Place the racket in between the hands Brace the core Alternate hand taps onto the racket strings Keep the hips still 	• Put the knees down
Forehands and backhands	 Start with a wide base with shoes wider than shoulders Hold the racket horizontally with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip Pivot and bend both knees low as if turning to hit a forehand Swing the arms back into a low position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position Pivot and bend both knees low as if turning to hit a backhand Swing the arms back into a low position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position 	 Swing the arms back without bending and pivoting the legs
Split squats / backward lunge with side rotation	 Start in a lunge with both knees bent at 90° Hold the racket with one hand at the head and one hand at the grip Keep the chest up Rotate the arms to the side over the front leg Jump and swap legs so the other leg is forward and rotate the arms 	 Step in and out of the lunge position instead of jumping
Skaters	 Hold racket with one hand on the grip Leap from side to side, lifting and bending the non-landing leg behind Keep the chest up Push knee out wide Swing the arms to help power and balance 	• Step from side to side

BASELINE WARRIOR



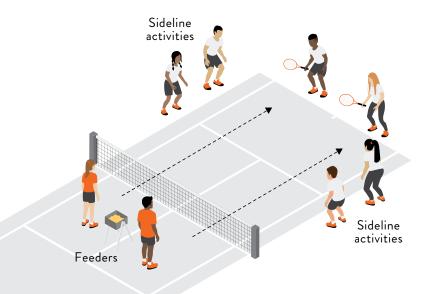
DRILL 8 Baller

How to Play:

- 2 students start on the baseline as hitters; 1 on the right side and 1 on the left side.
- 2 students start on the opposite side of the net as the feeders; 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- Feeders hand feed a sequence of 8 balls to the hitter opposite them.
- As students hit the ball they shout the number (1-8).
- Hitters must return towards centre of baseline between shots.
- Feeds can be varied e.g. narrow, wide.
- After 8 balls the hitters run to the net and all students rotate clockwise to the next position / activity.

Equipment:

- e Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

Groundstrokes:

• Recover back to the baseline after each shot.

Feeders:

- Make feeds challenging but achievable by controlling the speed and position of the ball.
- Give the hitter time to recover between feeds.

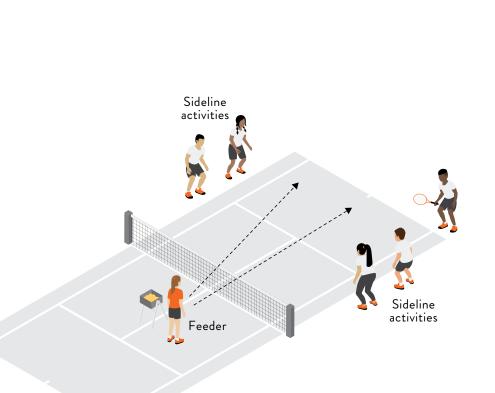
DRILL Baseline chase

How to Play:

- 1 student starts as a feeder; 1 student starts as the hitter in the left hand tramlines.
- Feeder hand feeds the first ball towards the middle of the baseline, then feeds the second ball towards the tramline.
- Student chases both balls along the baseline then exits court.
- All students rotate round to the next position / activity in an anticlockwise direction.
- Swap and perform the same drill starting in the right hand corner of the court, and rotating in a clockwise direction.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

Feeders:

• Make feeds challenging but achievable by controlling the speed and position of the ball.

CONDITIONED POINTS Doubles charge

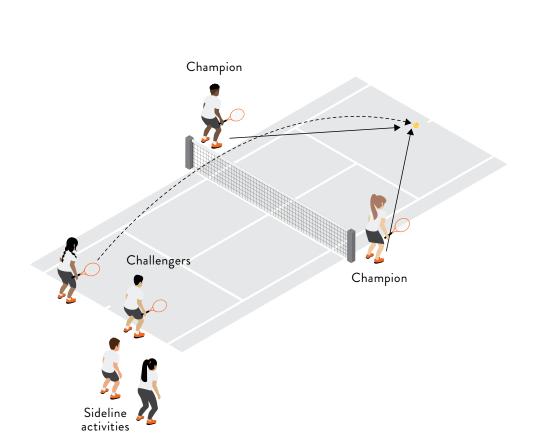
How to Play:

- Students work in pairs as a doubles team; 1 pair start as champion.
- Champions start either side of the net at the net posts.
- Challengers feed a loopy ball into champions side, (where there are no students).
- Champions charge to retrieve the ball and play the point out.
- If the challengers win the point, they become the champions.
- If the champions win the point, they return to the net posts for the next point against a new pair of challengers.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.

Equipment:

Compression tennis balls

Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

• Feed the ball high to give the champions enough time to get to the ball.



CONDITIONED POINTS Doubles chase

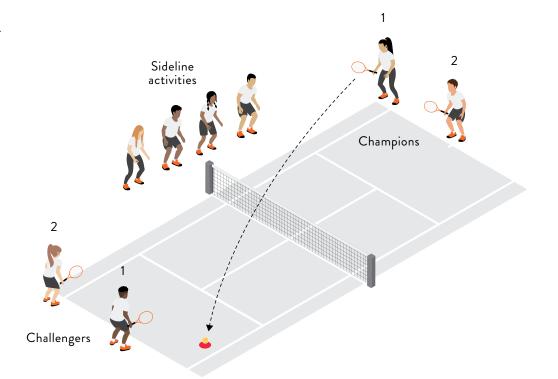
How to Play:

- Students start in pairs as a doubles team.
 1 pair start as champions and 1 pair start as challengers.
- Pairs start with 1 student in the middle of the baseline and their partner on the baseline in the tramlines.
- Champion 1 feeds a wide crosscourt ball into play for challenger 1 to hit.
- Point is played out as doubles pair.
- When a point is won / lost, the students rotate 1 place.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- 🔎 Tennis rackets
- Throw down spots

- If challengers win, challenger 1 rotates to becomes champion 2, and champion 1 lines up as a challenger.
- If challengers lose, challenger 1 moves through side line activity and lines up as challenger.
- Waiting challengers perform sideline activities and rotate in as challenger 2 when it is their turn.



TEACHING POINTS:

• Work as a team to cover the court.



LESSON

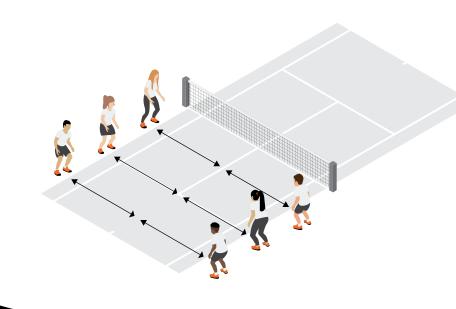
GET IN TO WIN Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



WARM UP

Approach and volley shadows and footwork:

- Students line up along the tramlines facing in to the court.
- Students jog to centre line and back.
- Students sidestep to centre line and back to tram line.
- Students skip forwards and back.
- Repeat the above several times.



Dynamic stretches:

- Students walk to the centre line and back performing hip flexor internal and external rotations (open and close the gate).
- Students walk to centre line and back performing heel kicks.
- Students move to the centre line and back performing lunges.

Students shadow volleys:

- Start in the ready position.
- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Racket path tap (no swing).
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Keep the racket head above wrist height.

- Bend the knees for low balls.
- Forehand Volley: Contact on the dominant side of the body.
- Backhand Volley: Two hands on the racket grip (where possible), with the dominant hand at the bottom.
- Contact on the non-dominant side of the body.

TEACHING POINTS:

Side Step:

- Wide base
- Stay low
- Keep a gap between the shoes

Skipping:

- Power up with the arms
- Long air time

- Hip flexor rotations:
- Keep the knee at hip height
- Walking heel kicks:
- Knee pointing down
- Walking lunges:
- Knees at 90°
- Back straight
- Rotate over front leg

SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH

GET IN TO WIN



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Alternate foot cone taps	 Place a cone in a central position in front of the shoes Tap the cone with alternate feet Stay light on the balls of the feet 	 Perform slower
Plank alternating knee to elbow	 Place hands directly under shoulders Place the racket in between hands Brace the core Bring one knee forwards to the elbow on the same side of the body Straighten the knee back Bring the same knee forwards to the opposite elbow Straighten the knee back and put the foot down Swap legs and do the same on the other side 	• Put one knee down
Mountain Climbers	 Place hands directly under shoulders Place racket in between hands Pump one knee up towards the chest, then straighten it back out and put the foot down Pump the other knee up towards the chest, then straighten it back out and put the foot down Keep hips down 	 Perform slower Place one foot in towards the chest, then the other, then step the first foot back out, followed by the other foot
Skaters	 Place elbows directly under shoulders Twist to one side and raise the lifted arm straight up Stack the shoulders Twist back into the central position Twist to the other side and raise the other arm straight up Move the shoulders and hips at the same time Move slowly with control 	• Put the knees down

DRILL Midcourt crusher

How to Play:

- 2 students start on the baseline as hitters, 1 on the right hand side and 1 on the left hand side.
- 2 students start as feeders on the service line "T".
- Feeders hand feed 2 balls to the hitter on their side. Feeders throw the first ball high to land approx. half way between the baseline and service line. The hitters move forward to hit an aggressive approach shot.
- The feeders hand feed a second ball to land on the service line. The hitters move further forwards to hit a second approach shot.
- Hitters sprint to touch the net, then move into the role of feeder on their side of the court.
- Feeders move to the sideline activities. Students at the end of the sideline activities crossover to the baseline on the other half of the court and become the hitters.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets

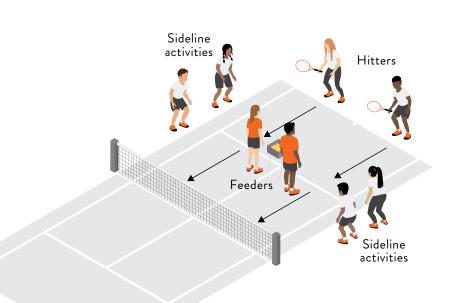
TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

• Increase speed of swing to generate power.

Feeders:

- Feed to the outside shot i.e. forehand on right hand side of court, backhand on left hand side of court for right handers.
- Throw the ball high to give hitters enough time to move to the ball.



DRILL Approach volley

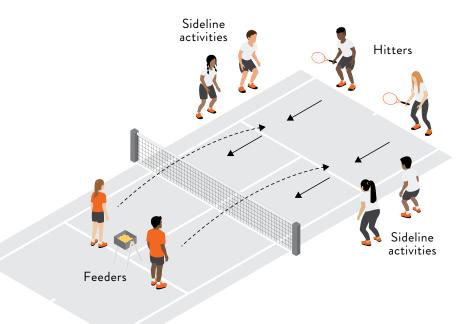
How to Play:

- 2 students start as hitters on the baseline, 1 on the right side and 1 on the left.
- Feeders hand feed an approach shot to the hitter, followed by a challenging volley.
- Hitters sprint around the net and become feeders.
- Feeders move to the sideline activities. Students at the end of the sideline activities crossover to the baseline on the other half of the court and become the hitters.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- 🔎 🛛 Tennis rackets





TEACHING POINTS:

Feeders:

- Throw to the outside shot i.e. forehand on right hand side of court, backhand on left hand side of court for right handers.
- Throw the ball high to give hitters enough time to move to the ball.

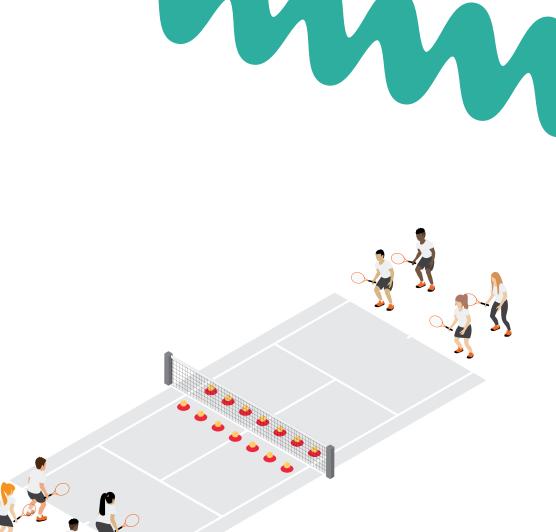
CONDITIONED POINTS Capture the net

How to Play:

- Organise students into 2 teams, students work in pairs.
- Place 8 balls on top of cones, (close to the net) on each side of the net.
- 1 pair feeds first ball and point is played out.
- Both pairs come off court and next pair from both teams comes on.
- The pair from the team who won the previous point sprint to the net and 1 student takes a ball from a cone and feeds it in.
- Point is played out against other team who are on the baseline.
- First team to clear all 8 balls are the winners.
- All other team members perform sideline activities.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Fennis rackets
- 💊 Cones



TEACHING POINTS:

• The ball must be fed cooperatively.

CONDITIONED POINTS

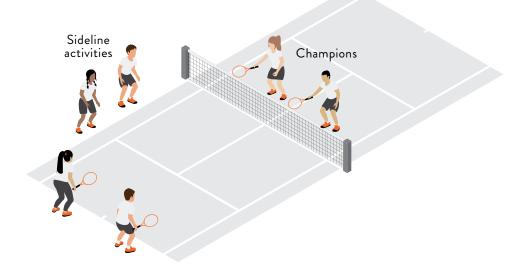
Doubles tap the net

How to Play:

- Students work in pairs. 1 pair start as champions with rackets touching the net.
- Challengers start on the opposite baseline.
- Champions feed a ball into play and the point is played out.
- If challengers win, they replace champions remembering to start with rackets touching net.
- If challengers lose they perform sideline activities and next challengers play against the champions.

Equipment:

- Cow compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

• The ball must be fed cooperatively and be returned for the point to become live.



LESSON

GOT IT COVERED Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



WARM UP

Pop corn tennis:

- Students rally in service boxes, keeping the ball going cooperatively.
- Students alternate with their partner, hitting one shot and then peeling off to the side.

Equipment:

Low compression tennis balls

FOR

Tennis rackets

• Track the incoming ball with non-dominant hand pointing at the ball.

- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Stand side on.
- Racket path overarm throwing action.

Students shadow smashes and lobs:

• Contact the ball above head height at 12 o'clock position.

Lob:

Smash:

• Play a forehand or backhand groundstroke with the strings pointing up to lift the ball high.

TEACHING POINTS:

- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Recover back to a central position.
- Work cooperatively as a team.

SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH

GOT IT COVERED



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Squat jumps	 Start with shoes shoulder width apart Lower into a squat position Use the arms to jump up Land with soft knees and push the hips back to land in a squat position 	 Perform squats without the jump
Squat, shoulder press and side bend Overhead extension and twist	 Hold the racket with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip, in line with the chest Start with shoes shoulder width apart Squat down and push back up Shoulder press the arms straight up Bend to one side and return to central position Repeat the whole sequence, bending to the other side Hold the racket above head height, with one hand at the head of the racket and one hand at the bottom of the grip Lean back into an extension Twist to one side Return to straight central position Repeat the sequence twisting to the other side 	 Stay higher in the squat Reduce the twist
Side sit up	 Lay with both shoulders on the floor and knees pointing to one side Hold the racket with hands overlapped on the grip Crunch lifting the shoulders off the floor and sliding the racket down the legs Eyes looking straight up Brace the core Change sides and repeat 	• Keep the shoulders closer to the floor

DRILL Approach volley smash

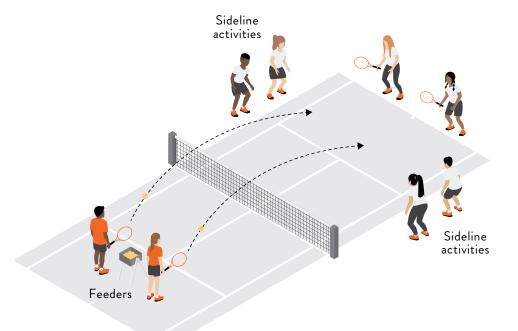
How to Play:

- 2 students start as hitters on the baseline, 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- 2 students start as feeders on the other side of the net, 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- Feeders feed 3 balls to the hitter directly opposite them: approach shot, volley and a smash.
- The hitter then sprints around the net to become the feeder.
- The feeders move to the sideline activities. The students at the end of the sideline activities move onto the court into the hitting position.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets





TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

- Turn side on and sidestep back into position (don't run backwards).
- Move quickly into the next position for the next ball.

Feeders:

- Give the hitters time to move into position before feeding.
- For the smash, feed the ball high to allow hitters to contact above the head.



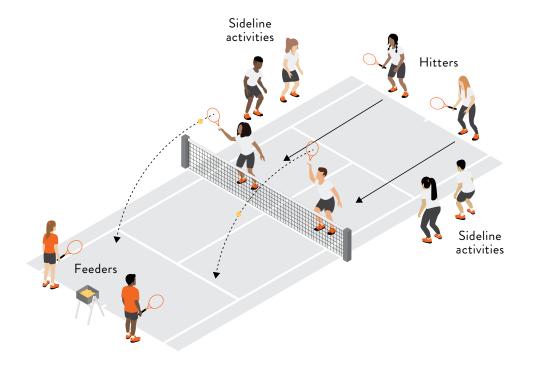
DRILL Ball rush

How to Play:

- 2 students start as hitters on the baseline, 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- 2 students start as feeders on the other side of the net, 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- Hitters sprint to the net, touch it with their racket and shout "go."
- Feeders hit a lifted ball for the hitter to smash.
- Feeders then hit a second ball for the hitter to volley.
- Hitters sprint around the net to become the feeders.
- The feeders move to the sideline activities. The students at the end of the sideline activities move onto the court into the hitting position.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

• Turn side on and sidestep back into position

Feeders:

- Give the hitters time to move into position before feeding.
- For the smash, feed the ball high to allow hitters to contact above the head.

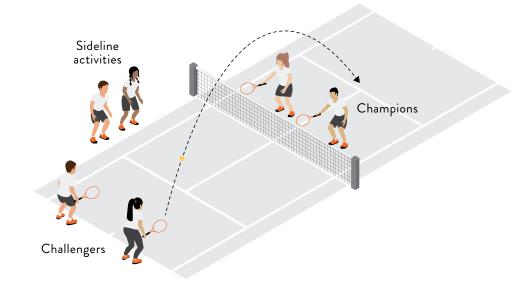
CONDITIONED POINTS Defend the smash

How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start as champions with both students starting with their rackets touching the net.
- Challengers start on the baseline.
- Challengers feed in a lifted ball to start the point and the point is played out.
- If the challengers win, they become the champions.
- If the challengers lose they perform the sideline activities and the next challengers come onto the court to play.
- When students aren't hitting.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

• The feed should be cooperative for the champions to be able to smash.

CONDITIONED POINTS

Magic roundabout

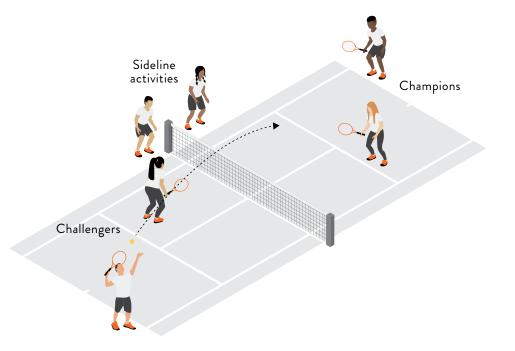
How to Play:

- 4 students start on court in standard doubles formation.
- The challenger on the right serves the ball in to start the point.
- Students are competing as a team but rotate individually.
- If the challengers win, all students move round 1 space anticlockwise, whereby the student who served moves round to become a champion.
- If the champions win, they run to the outside tramlines and back into position. While the challengers rotate 1 place. The challenger who started on left moves to the right to serve, and a student performing sideline activities moves into the left side challenger position.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets





TEACHING POINTS:

• Work as a pair to cover the court.



LESSON

SERVE RETURN Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



WARM UP

Bump & catch:

- Students rally in service boxes, keeping the ball going co-operatively.
- Student 1 bump serves the ball into play and student 2 returns it.
- Student 1 catches the ball and both students switch sides of the court, student 2 becomes the server.

Equipment:

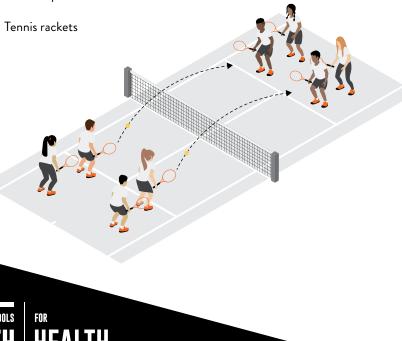
Low compression tennis balls

- Add a third shot, student 1 volleys ball back for student 2 to catch, both students switch sides of the court.
- Add a forth shot, student 2 volleys the ball back for student 1 to catch, both students switch sides of the court.

Students shadow the serve:

Serve:

- Stand side on.
- Hold the ball with the palm facing upwards in the non-dominant hand.
- Toss the ball up with the non-dominant hand.
- Racket path overarm throwing action.
- Contact the ball above head height at 12 o'clock position.



TEACHING POINTS:

Bump Serve:

• Contact the ball above head height.

Return:

• Let the ball bounce then hit a groundstroke.

Volley:

• Move forward to a volleying position near the net.

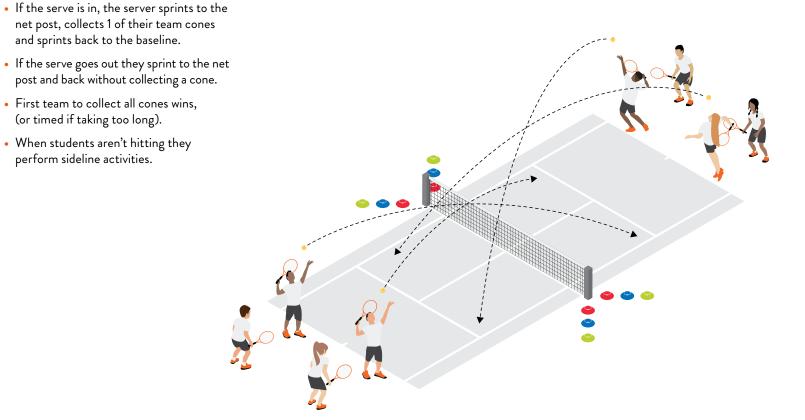
SCHOOLS SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Twist jumps	 Hold the racket with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip Keep shoulders facing forwards Jump and turn hips to one side Jump and turn hips to the other side 	 Jump back to a central position before twisting to the other side
Squat jumps	 Start with shoes shoulder width apart Lower into a squat position Use the arms to jump up Land with soft knees and push the hips back to land in a squat position 	 Perform squats without the jump
Squat, shoulder press and side bend	 Hold the racket with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip, in line with the chest Start with shoes shoulder width apart Squat down and push back up Shoulder press the arms straight up Bend to one side and return to central position Repeat the whole sequence, bending to the other side 	• Stay higher in the squat
Quarter single leg squat	 Bend one knee into a quarter squat position Lift the other leg up and balance Leap onto the other shoe landing in a quarter squat and holding the balance Keep the chest up Push the landing knee out towards the little toe 	 Quarter squat then step from one side to the other

SERVE RETURN

DRILL **Team service**



How to Play:

- Students are divided into 4 teams per court.
- The first student from each team stands behind the baseline ready to serve into the diagonally opposite service box.

and sprints back to the baseline.

• First team to collect all cones wins,

• When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.

(or timed if taking too long).

- A set of cones is placed next to the net post for each team.
- The first student from each team serves cross court.

Equipment:

Low compression tennis balls



Cones

TEACHING POINTS:

• Contact the ball above head height.

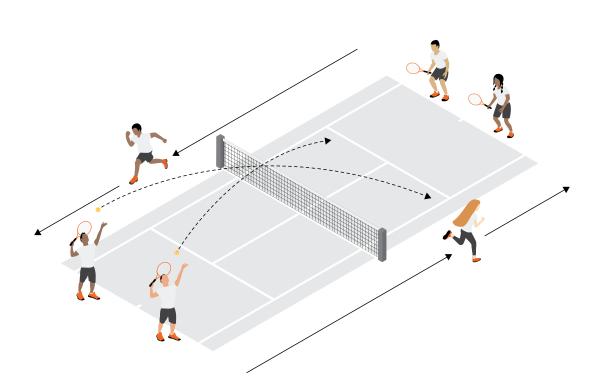
DRILL Hit & run

How to Play:

- Students are divided into 2 teams per court: servers and returners.
- 2 servers start on the baseline, 1 on the right hand side and 1 on the left hand side. 2 returners start on the other side of the net, 1 on the right and 1 on the left.
- Server 1 (right hand side) serves diagonally to returner 1, then sprints straight down the right side of the court to the other side of the net to become a returner.
- Returner 1 hits the return cross court then sprints straight down the right side of their net to become a server.
- Server 2 and returner 2 (left hand side of the court) follow straight after.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

Servers:

• Contact the ball above head height.

Returners:

• Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.



CONDITIONED POINTS

Serve & volley

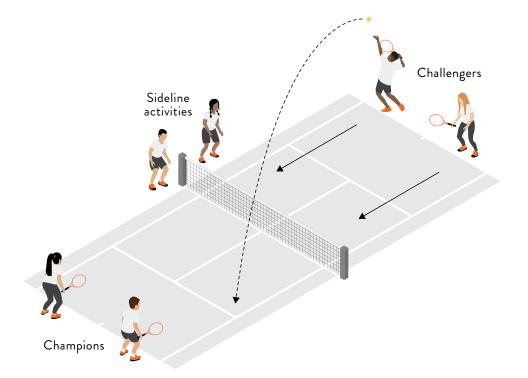
How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
 2 pairs start on court with all 4 students at the baseline.
- A challenger serves the ball to the diagonally opposite service box and both challengers run to the net (regardless of whether the serve is in or out).
- Champions do not return the serve. Champions feed a ball for the challengers to volley and the point is now live.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets

- If the challengers win they become the champions.
- If the champions win, the losing challengers move to sideline activities and next challengers come onto court to play.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.
- When challengers return to the court to serve they change the server.



TEACHING POINTS:

• Serve and use the momentum of the action to run to the net.

CONDITIONED POINTS Return to sender

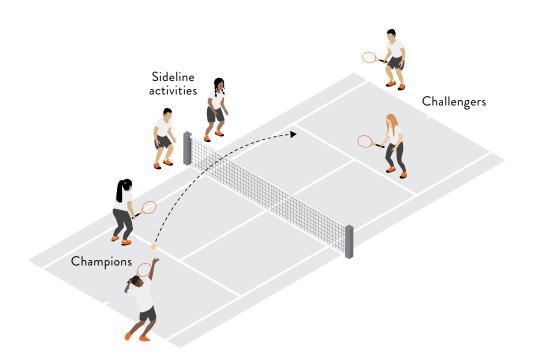
How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
 2 pairs start on court in 1 up and 1 back formation.
- Champions serve to start the point, with challengers receiving.
- Once the challengers have returned the ball they cannot let the ball bounce on their side.
- Champions are not allowed to lob.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets

- If the challengers win, they become the champions.
- Champions alternate serving from right and left side, and alternate serving within the pair.
- If the champions win, the losing challengers move to sideline activities and next challengers come onto court to play.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.



TEACHING POINTS:

• Return and use the momentum of the action to run to the net.



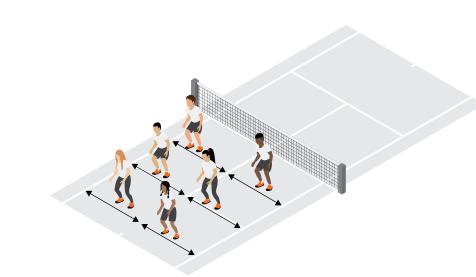
LESSON

WORKING TOGETHER Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



All shot shadows and footwork

- Students line up along the tramlines facing in to the court.
- Students jog to centre line and back.
- Students sidestep to centre line and back to tram line.
- Students skip forwards and back.
- Repeat the above several times.



WARM UP

Dynamic stretches:

- Students walk to the centre line and back performing hip flexor internal and external rotations (open and close the gate).
- Students walk to centre line and back performing heel kicks.
- Students move to the centre line and back performing lunges.

Students shadow all shots:

- Start in the ready position.
- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Recover to a central position after each shot.

Groundstrokes:

- Racket path low to high.
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Two hands on the racket grip for a backhand.

TEACHING POINTS:

Side Step:

- Wide base
- Stay low
- Keep a gap between the shoes

Skipping:

- Power up with the arms
- Long air time

Volleys:

- Keep the racket head above wrist height.
- Racket path tap (no swing).
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Keep the racket head above wrist height.
- Bend the knees for low balls.

Smash:

- Track the incoming ball with nondominant hand pointing at the ball.
- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Stand side on.
- Racket path overarm throwing action.
- Contact the ball above head height at 12 o'clock position.

- Hip flexor rotations:
- Keep the knee at hip height
- Walking heel kicks:
- Knee pointing down
- Walking lunges:
- Knees at 90°
- Back straight
- Rotate over front leg



SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Squat jumps	 Start with shoes shoulder width apart Lower into a squat position Use the arms to jump up Land with soft knees and push the hips back to land in a squat position 	 Perform squats without the jump
Ski jumps	 Start with the shoes together Jump sideways back and forth over an imaginary line 	 Perform slower
Shuffles	 Start with the shoes staggered, one forward and one back Keep the chest up Pump the arms Shuffle the shoes swapping front and back 	 Step one foot back and forward again, and repeat with the other foot
Lateral lunges	 Start in a central standing position Keep the chest up Step out to one side Bend the knee and push it out Load weight over the bent knee Push back into a central position 	 Take a smaller step to the side, but ensure that weight does not go beyond the knee

• Repeat on the other side

WORKING TOGETHER

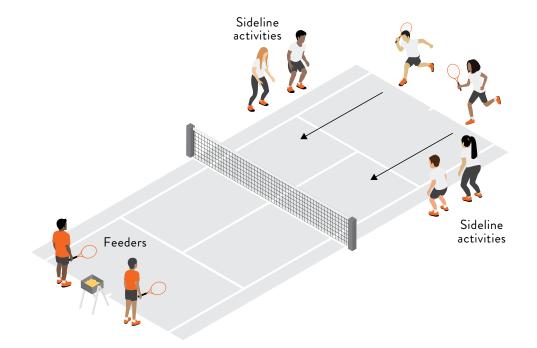
DRILL Team cover the net

How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start on the baseline as hitters and 1 pair start on the other side of the net as feeders.
- The feeders shout "go" and the hitters run to the net and touch the net with their rackets.
- The feeders take it in turns to feed 6 balls for the hitters to volley. The feeds should be rapid, with the next ball fed instantly after the hitter has played a volley.
- The balls can be fed to either hitter.
- The hitters work together to cover each other, constantly moving, as if attached.
- After the 6 balls the hitters sprint around the net to become feeders. Feeders move to the sideline activities.
- Students at the end of the sideline activities move onto the court to become the next hitters.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

- Move together as if attached, in order to cover the court.
- React quickly to adapt to the incoming ball.

Feeders:

- Decide quickly where to feed the ball.
- Make feeds challenging but achievable by controlling the speed and position of the ball.

DRILL Partner charge

How to Play:

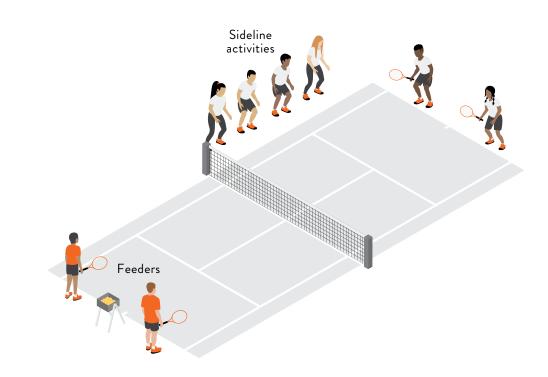
- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start on the baseline as hitters and 1 pair start on the other side of the net as feeders.
- The feeders take it in turns to feed 6 balls for the hitters.
- The first and second ball should be fed to the baseline for the hitters to play groundstrokes.
- The third ball is fed to the service line; the hitters play an approach shot and move forward into a net position.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets

- The fourth and fifth balls are fed for the hitters to volley.
- The sixth ball should be fed high for the hitters to smash.
- The sequence is groundstroke groundstroke – mid-court approach shot – volley – volley – smash.
- After the 6 balls the hitters sprint around the net to become feeders.
 Feeders move to the sideline activities.
- Students at the end of the sideline activities move onto the court to become the next hitters.





TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

- Move together in order to cover the court.
- Call who will hit each ball.

Feeders:

- Give the hitters time to recover between each feed.
- Make feeds challenging but achievable.

CONDITIONED POINTS

Cross court team chase

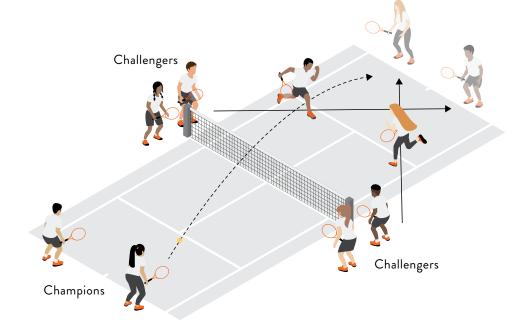
How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start as champions.
- Challengers start with 1 student at the right net post and 1 student at the left net post.
- The champions feed a cross court lob into play. The challengers chase the ball, return it and then the point becomes live.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets

- If challengers win they sprint round and become champions.
- If the challengers lose they swap sides and perform the sideline activities and the next challengers come onto the court to play.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.



TEACHING POINTS:

• Feed the ball cross court making sure it is challenging but achievable.

CONDITIONED POINTS Bedlam

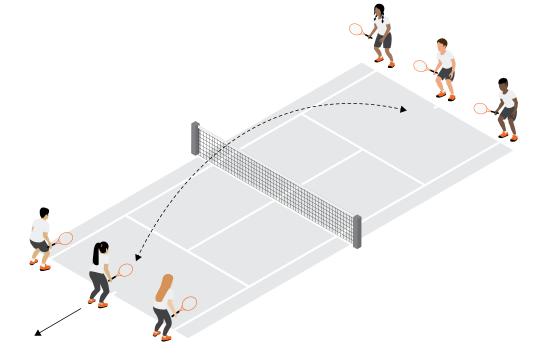
How to Play:

- Split students into 2 teams per court, with approx. 3 students per team.
- 1 team feeds the ball into play and the point is played out.
- As soon as a student hits the ball, they must turn and run to the back wall / fence, touch it then quickly get back on court this is whilst point is being played out.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Fennis rackets

- All students work as a team to cover spaces left as students run on and off court.
- If there are too many students to safely start on the court; students should perform sideline activities and swap on / off after each point.



TEACHING POINTS:

- The feed should be cooperative to start the point.
- Move to cover spaces.
- Communicate clearly as a team.



LESSON

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

Lesson Plan: Activity Cards



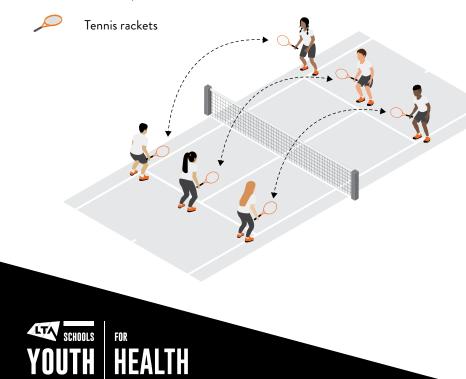
WARM UP

Push & Pull:

- Students rally co-operatively in service boxes.
- Students start the rally with a gentle overarm throw.
- Progress rally with student 1 moving to the net to volley.
- Student 2 then moves forward to the net to volley, student 1 moves back.
- Try to keep the same ball in play.

Equipment:

Low compression tennis balls



Students shadow all shots:

- Start in the ready position.
- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.

/ >

• Recover to a central position after each shot.

Groundstrokes:

- Racket path low to high.
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Two hands on the racket grip for a backhand.

Volleys:

- Keep the racket head above wrist height.
- Racket path tap (no swing).
- Contact the ball in front and to the side of the shoes.
- Keep the racket head above wrist height.
- Bend the knees for low balls.

Smash:

• Track the incoming ball with nondominant hand pointing at the ball.

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- Adapt to the incoming ball with the body and racket.
- Stand side on.
- Racket path overarm throwing action.
- Contact the ball above head height at 12 o'clock position.

TEACHING POINTS:

- Contact the ball gently in order to control the ball.
- Keep moving in order to raise the heart rate and prepare for exercise.

SCHOOLS FOR YOUTH HEALTH

PUTTING IT

. TOGETHER



SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER
Plank with alternating hand taps	 Place hands directly under shoulders Place the racket in between the hands Brace the core Alternate hand taps onto the racket strings Keep the hips still 	• Put the knees down
Forehands and backhands	 Start with a wide base with shoes wider than shoulders Hold the racket horizontally with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip Pivot and bend both knees low as if turning to hit a forehand Swing the arms back into a low position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position Pivot and bend both knees low as if turning to hit a backhand Swing the arms back into a low position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position Drive up with the legs and swing the arms from the low to a high position 	 Swing the arms back without bending and pivoting the legs
Skaters	 Hold racket with one hand on the grip Leap from side to side, lifting and bending the non-landing leg behind Keep the chest up Push knee out wide Swing the arms to help power and balance 	 Step from side to side
Jumping jacks	 Start with shoes shoulder width apart Jump both shoes out wide, bending the knees Jump both shoes back into being shoulder width apart Swing the arms up and down in time with the jumps 	• Tap the shoes out to side one at a time

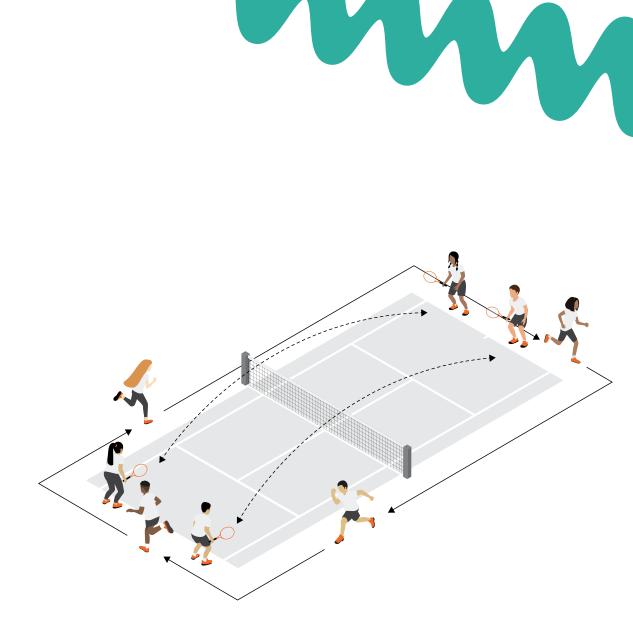
DRILL Musical chairs

How to Play:

- 4 students start on court playing half court singles.
- The remaining students spread out around the outside of the court and jog in clockwise direction.
- When a hitter makes an error, the closest jogger takes their place.
- If jogger has gone past the hitter, they cannot turn around.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Fennis rackets



TEACHING POINTS:

• Jog at a safe distance away from the hitters.

DRILL Partner switch

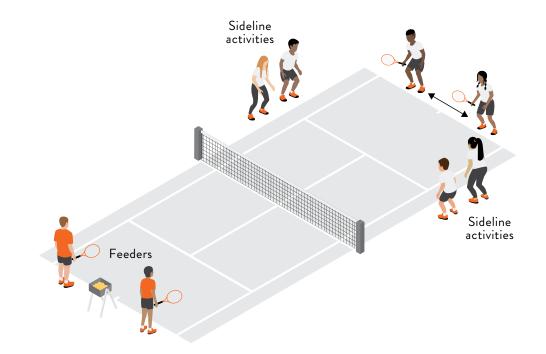
How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start on the baseline as hitters and 1 pair start on the other side of the net as feeders.
- The feeders take it in turns to hit 3 balls (6 in total) to the opposite baseline. The ball may go towards either hitter.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets

- After each hit, the hitters have to switch sides.
- After the 6 balls all students move round in a clockwise direction. The feeders and hitters move off court to perform sideline activities. Students who were performing sideline activities become the feeders or hitters.



TEACHING POINTS:

Hitters:

• Communicate to ensure moving safely past each other.

Feeders:

- Give the hitters time to recover between each feed.
- Make feeds challenging but achievable.

CONDITIONED POINTS

Turbo Switch

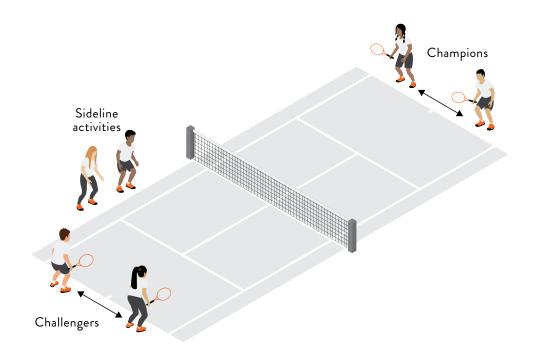
How to Play:

- Students work in doubles pairs.
- 1 pair start as champions on the baseline and 1 pair start as challengers on the opposite baseline.
- The champions feed a ball in and the point is played out.
- Students switch sides with their partner every time one of them hits the ball.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
- Tennis rackets

- If challengers win, they become champions.
- If the champions win, the losing challengers move to sideline activities and next challengers come onto court to play.
- When students aren't hitting they perform sideline activities.



TEACHING POINTS:

• The feed should be cooperative to start the point.

CONDITIONED POINTS Triples

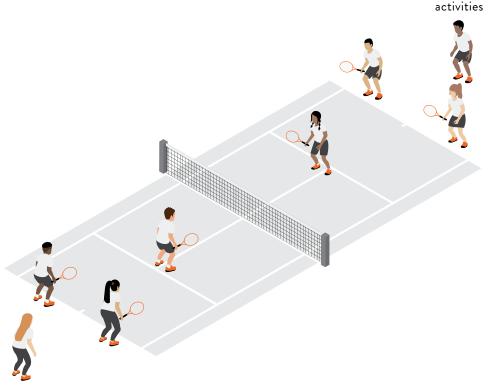
How to Play:

- Students work in teams of 3, with 2 teams per court.
- Teams stand with 1 student at the net and 2 students on the baseline.
- A student feeds the ball in and the point is played out. Any student may hit the ball.

Equipment:

- Low compression tennis balls
 - Tennis rackets

- All students rotate 1 position after each point.
- First team to 7 points wins.
- Students performing sideline activities may rotate in after each point or after the game has been won or after a set period of time.



Sideline activities

TEACHING POINTS:

- The feed should be cooperative to start the point.
- Move to cover spaces.
- Communicate clearly as a team.

Sideline



WHEELCHAIR SEATED SIDELINE ACTIVITIES



Circles	 Start with arms stretched straight out to the side, fingers straight and palms facing the floor Rotate the arms forward making small circles After 10 reps change direction and palms for the strength for 10 reps change direction and palms for the strength for 10 reps change direction and palms for the strength for 10 reps change direction and palms for the strength for strength for strength for strengt	 Make bigger circles Circle one arm at a time
Forehands and backhands	 circle the arms backwards for 10 reps Hold the racket horizontally with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip Swing the arms back into a low position on the forehand side (hands remain in the same position holding the racket) From the low position swing up and forwards to the front of the body Swing the arms back into a low position on the backhand side and then drive the arms forward to the front position 	 Keep the arms at shoulder height (i.e. do not swing the arms into a low position)
Seated alternate arm swings	 Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back Move the arms back and forth in a running style 	 Move the arms slower Wrists remain in a low position
Shadow boxing	 Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back Place hands in a fist slightly in front of the chin Jab the hands straight forward (alternating hands) as if hitting a boxing bag. Perform 10 with each hand. Hook the arms as if hitting the side of a boxing bag (alternating arms). Perform 10 with each arm. Repeat the sequence with 10 jabs and 10 hooks 	 Perform one arm at a time Perform just jabs or just hooks
	Forehands and backhands Seated alternate arm swings	out to the side, fingers straight and palms facing the floor• Rotate the arms forward making small circles• After 10 reps change direction and circle the arms backwards for 10 repsForehands and backhands• Hold the racket horizontally with one hand at the head and one hand at the bottom of the grip• Swing the arms back into a low position on the forehand side (hands remain in the same position holding the racket)• From the low position swing up and forwards to the front of the body • Swing the arms back into a low position on the backhand side and then drive the arms forwards to the front of the body • Swing the arms back into a low position on the backhand side and then drive the arms forward to the front of the body • Swing the arms back into a low position on the backhand side and then drive the arms forward to the front of the body • Swing the arms back and forth in a running styleShadow boxing• Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back • Place hands in a fist slightly in front of the chin • Jab the hands straight forward (alternating hands) as if hitting a boxing bag. Perform 10 with each hand. • Hook the arms as if hitting the side of a boxing bag (alternating arms). Perform 10 with each arm. • Repeat the sequence

SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE IT EASIER	SIDELINE ACTIVITY	TEACHING POINTS	TO MAKE
Bent arm ateral raises	 Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back 	 Perform one arm at a time 	Resistance band exercises -	 Place the band around the bottom of the net post 	 Use a l for less
	 Tuck elbows to the side of the body 	Reduce the	biceps curl	• Position the chair facing the net post,	
	 Place hands in a fist 	height that the elbows are lifted		slightly to the left Hold the band in the right hand with the 	
	 Lift both elbows upwards and outwards, to shoulder height 			arm straight and palm facing upwards	
	 Lower back to the starting position 			 Keep the right elbow close to the body 	
ide stretch	 Sit in a tall seated position, 	Reduce the length		 Bend the elbow raising the right hand towards the right shoulder 	
	with shoulders back	of the stretch		 Straighten the elbow lowering the right hand back down 	
	 Place arms to the side of the chair and reach to the centre hub of the wheel 	•	1	Repeat on the left side	
	 Keep the arms and fingers straight 				
	 Lean to the right side and reach the fingers to the towards the wheel rim 		Resistance band exercises -	 Place the band around the bottom of the net post 	 Use a for le
	 Keep the back on the back rest 		triceps curl	 Position the chair with the back to the net post (so the band is behind the back) 	
	 Hold the stretch for 10 seconds 			 Hold the band in the right hand, with the 	
	 Slowly rise back to the central position 			hand touching the back on the neck and the	
	 Repeat to the left side 			elbow high	
Resistance	 Place the band around the net 	• Use a lighter band		 Pull the band upwards straightening the arm so the hand is high above the shoulder 	
oand exercises -	post at shoulder height	for less resistance		• Bend the elbow so that the hand returns to	
seated row	 Position the chair facing the net post in a central position 	1		the back of the neck Repeat on the left side 	
	 Hold the band with arms straight in front 				
	 Pull back with both arms until the elbows touch the back of seat 				
	 Keep the elbows tucked in and close to the body as they pull backwards 				
	 Release forwards and repeat 				

ATTA

SIDELINE ACTIVITY TEACHING POINTS

TO MAKE IT EASIER

• Use a lighter band

for less resistance

Resistance band exercises internal and external rotations

Resistance

lateral raises

band exercises -

- Place the band around the net post at waist height
- Position the chair to the right of the net post
- Hold the band with the left hand, with the left elbow against the side of the body and bent at a 90° angle
- Rotate the left arm across the middle of the body towards the right hip, keeping the elbow against the side of the body (internal)
- Release back to the left side and repeat the action
- Change to hold the band in the right hand keeping the chair in the same position
- Start with the hand by the left hip
- Keep the right elbow into the side of the body and pull the band from the left hip out to the right side as far as possible (external)
- Rotate back and repeat the action
- Turn the chair 180° so that the net post is now to the right side
- Repeat the actions as above now working on the right arm internal rotation and left arm external rotation
- Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back
- Tuck elbows to the side of the body
- Place hands in a fist
- · Lift both elbows upwards and outwards, to shoulder height
- Lower back to the starting position

Use a lighter band

SIDELINE ACTIVITY TEACHING POINTS

Resistance

- Place the band under the chair foot plate
- Sit in a tall seated position, with shoulders back
- Tuck elbows to the side of the body
- Place hands in a fist with thumbs facing up
- Move fists upwards towards the shoulders in a slow rhythmic motion
- Move both arms together
- Lower fists back down
- Repeat sequence

Bands can be attached to a fence or another stationary object rather than a net post

band exercises front raises



Use a lighter band for less resistance

- Place the band under the chair foot plate
 - for less resistance



FOR

LTA The National Tennis Centre 100 Priory Lane, Roehampton London SW15 5JQ